Substance Abuse Affects Families



Help Is Available

Facts on Substance Abuse

- One of the most important signs of substance use disorder is using drugs or alcohol even when using them causes severe physical, psychological and emotional pain
- Substance abuse can get worse over time, hurting the person using drugs or alcohol and the entire family
- Substance abuse is a serious problem:
 - It affects people of every race, ethnicity, gender and location.
 - Substance abuse is a medical illness that can be treated. Millions of Americans and their families are in healthy recovery from substance use disorder.
 - 1 in 3 households is affected by substance abuse.



Does Your Family Member Have a Substance Abuse Problem?

When your family member has been drinking or using drugs does he or she do any of the following (check all that apply)

- Embarrass you?
- □ Blame you for things?
- Break Promises?
- Drive under the influence?
- □ Make bad decisions?
- **D** Behave badly?

If one or more of these are true for your family member he or she may be abusing drugs or alcohol.

- 1. Are the men in your family drinking more than 14 drinks a week or four drinks on one occasion?
 - □ Yes □ No
- 2. Are the woman in your family drinking more than seven drinks in a week or three drinks on one occasion?
 - □ Yes □ No

If one of these is true for your family member, contact the **Flight Attendant Drug and Alcohol Program** to discuss possible next steps.

1-855-33FADAP or 1-855-333-2327

What Are the Possible Effects of Substance Abuse On My Family?

Substance abuse causes stress on the family which can lead to many family problems.

- Substance abuse can increase the risk for HIV, fetal alcohol syndrome, premature death, injury and increased risk taking.
- Effects on children: Children whose parents have a substance use disorder have an increased risk of the following problems
 - Substance use: They are four times more likely to develop a substance use disorder than children whose families have no history of substance abuse.
 - Conduct problems: They may be more frustrated and have an increased risk of aggressive behavior and crime.
 - Academic problems: They may have learning difficulties, lower concentration and disruptiveness.
 - Emotional problems: They may be angry and develop poor self-esteem, withdrawal and sadness.
- Marital problems: When a family member has a substance use disorder, divorce is seven times likely than in families who are free from substance abuse.
- Emotional abuse or violence: More than 50 percent of family abuse stems from substance abuse.
- Financial problems: Substance abuse may lead to loss of job and money. A family member may forget or ignore paying bills because of substance abuse.

Reminders for Families

- A substance use disorder is called a "family disorder" because it affects the entire family and close friends, even if only one person has it.
- It's not your fault!
 - It's a medical illness
 - You didn't cause it
 - You can't make it stop
 - You need and deserve help for yourself and your family members
- People with a history of substance use disorder in their families are more likely to have substance use disorder when they choose to drink or do drugs.
- You are not alone!
 - One in four children under the age 18 live in a home where alcohol misuse or alcohol addiction is hurting the family
 - Thousands live with parental drug abuse
 - A lot of people come from families with a substance use disorder

Remember the Seven "C"s

I didn't C ause it
I can't C ure it
I can't C ontrol it
I can take better C are of myself
by C ommunicating my feelings
Making healthy C hoices
and C elebrating myself

Action Steps

- 1. Ask for help if someone close to you abuses alcohol or drugs. The first step is to be open about the problem and ask for help for yourself, your family and your loved one.
- 2. Get help for your loved one. Treatment is effective! Getting a loved one into care and finding support services for your family are the next steps toward recovery.
 - Family support and motivation are the most important things in making treatment work.
- 3. Find out about treatment options. There are many treatments that work for addiction. Contact the Flight Attendant Drug and Alcohol Program about all the options. Stopping alcohol or drug abuse is the first step to recovery and most people need to stop.
- 4. Talk with children. It is important to talk with children about what is happening to the family and to help them talk about their fears and feelings. Children need to trust the adults in their lives and to believe that they will support them.



Flight Attendant Drug and Alcohol Program

Confidential 24/7 Helpline (855) 33FADAP (855) 333-2327 www.fadap.org